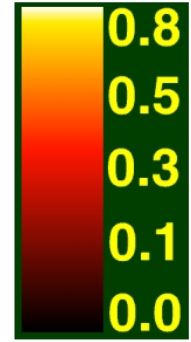
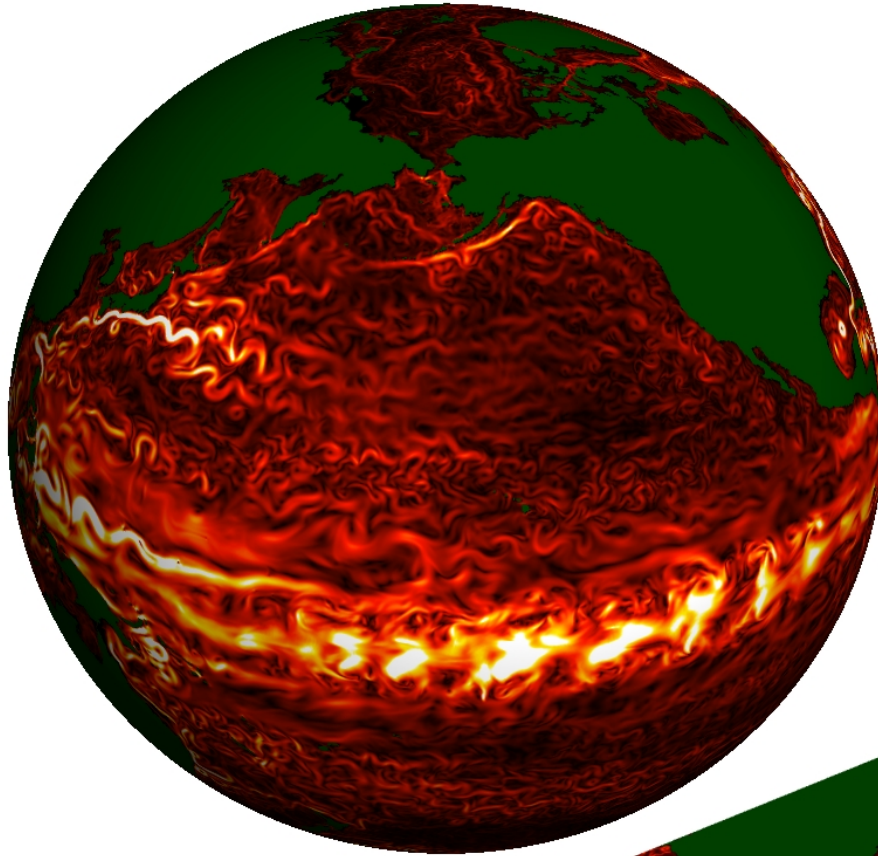
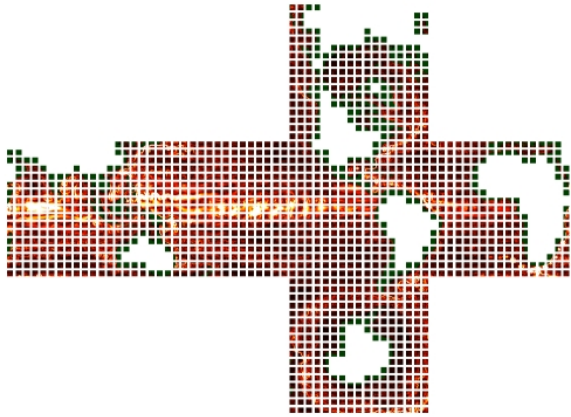


# **A sea-ice model on the cube-sphere for estimating the global ocean and sea-ice circulations**

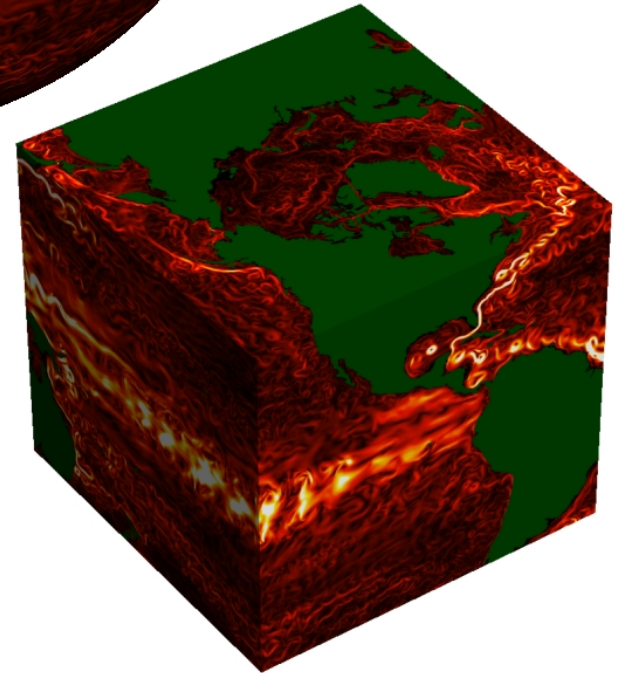
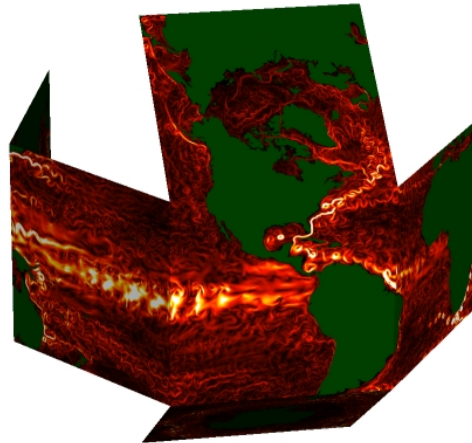
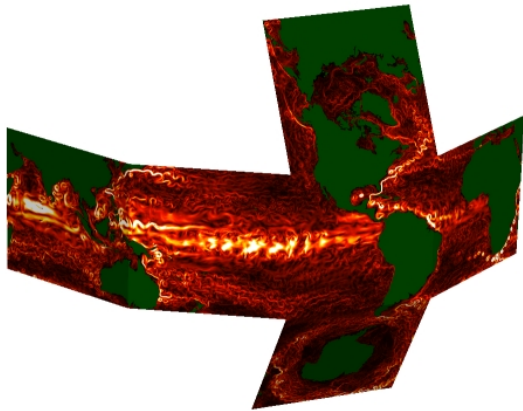
Dimitris Menemenlis (JPL)

Jinlun Zhang (APL-UW)

Objective: develop a sea-ice model for the ECCO (Estimating the Circulation and Climate of the Ocean) project in order to allow eddy-permitting estimates of the global-ocean and sea-ice circulations ([http://ecco.jpl.nasa.gov/cube\\_sphere/](http://ecco.jpl.nasa.gov/cube_sphere/)).



Speed at 15m



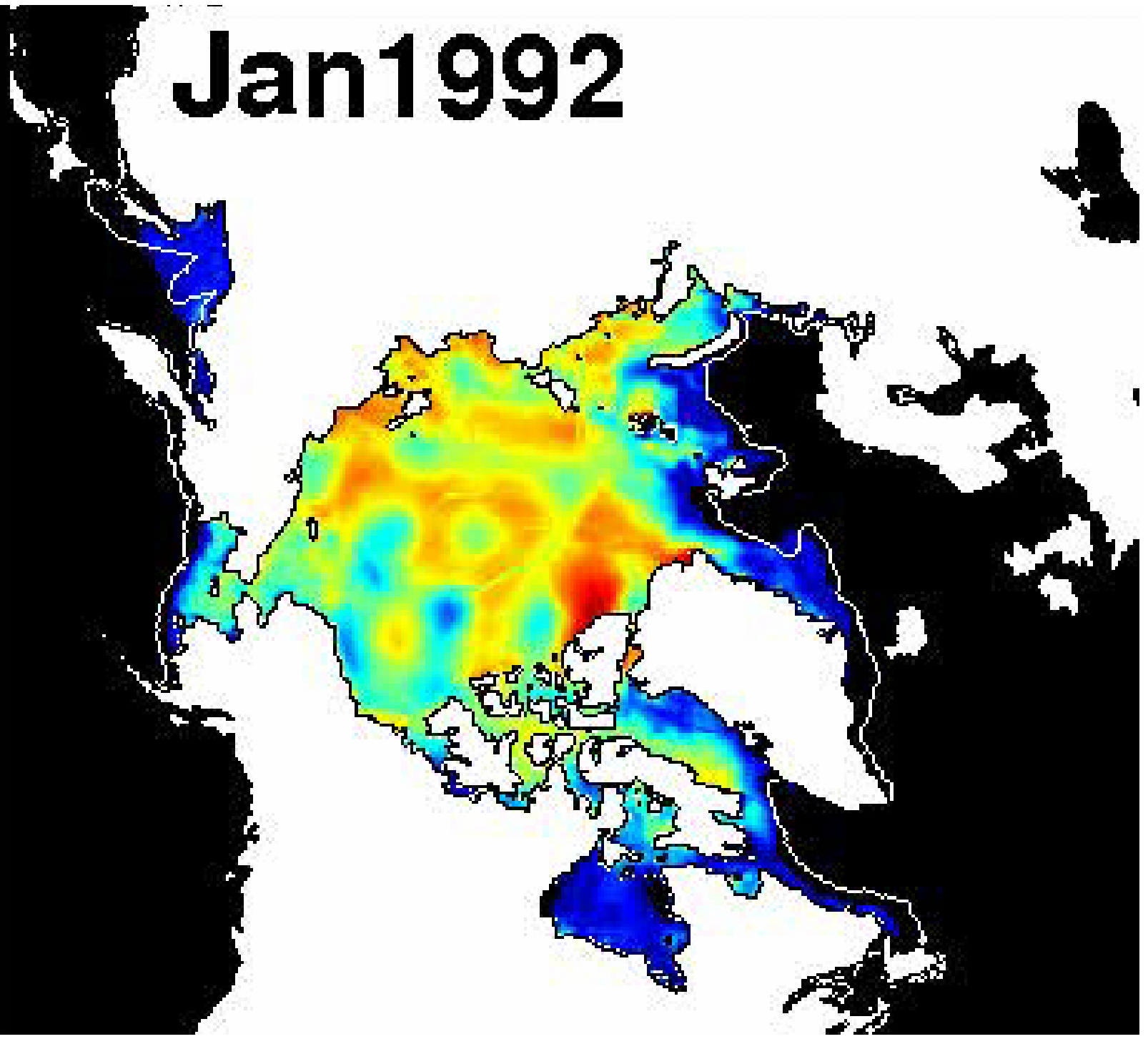
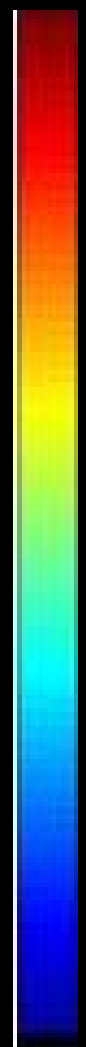
Effective  
Sea-Ice  
Thickness

# Jan 1992

> 2 m

1 m

0 m



## Summary

A dynamic-thermodynamic sea-ice model has been added to an efficient cube-sphere configuration of the MIT GCM.

This configuration is being used by ECCO to obtain dynamically-consistent estimates of the global ocean and sea-ice circulations.

Preliminary, eddy-permitting estimates are being obtained using model Green's functions and an approximate Kalman filter and smoother.

Work is also underway towards an adjoint-model reanalysis as part of U.S. GODAE, the Global Ocean Data Assimilation Experiment.