

Dynamical Systems Theory and Lagrangian Data Assimilation in 4D Geophysical Fluid Dynamics

Larry Pratt (PI), Woods Hole Oceanographic Inst.



<http://www.whoi.edu/ocean3dplus1/>

Scott Harper (ONR Program Manager)

Participants

Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution: Larry Pratt, Irina Rypina

University of Delaware: Denny Kirwan, Bruce Lipphardt, Helga Huntley

University of North Carolina: Chris Jones

City University of New York, Staten Island: Drew Poje

UC Santa Barbara: Igor Mezic

SIO: Stefan Lewellyn Smith

Marquette: Sherry Scott and Elaine Spiller

University of Miami: Tamay Ozgokmen, Angelique Heza and Annalisa Griffa

Plus 5 postdocs, and 7 graduate.

Participants



THE UNIVERSITY
of NORTH CAROLINA
at CHAPEL HILL

Workshops

Oct. 2010 Chicago

Feb. 2012 Wilmington

Feb. 2013 Chapel Hill

Publications

Amey, C., B. Sundaram, and A. C. Poje. Mixing in mixed phase spaces. To be published in *Physics of Fluids*, May 2013.

Apte, A., and C.K.R.T. Jones. The impact of nonlinearity on Lagrangian data assimilation. *Nonlinear Processes in Geophysics*, accepted.

Apte, A., E. Spiller, and C.K.R.T. Jones. Assimilating en-route Lagrangian observations. Submitted to *Tellus A*.

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McDougall, D., and C.K.R.T. Jones. Decreasing flow uncertainty in Lagrangian data assimilation through drifter control. In final preparation.

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Schroeder, K., J. Chiggiato, A. C. Haza, A. Griffa, T. M. Özgökmen, P. Zanasca, A. Molcard, M. Borghini, P.M. Poulain, R. Gerin, Z. Zambianchi, P. Falco, and C. Trees, 2012. Targeted Lagrangian sampling of submesoscale dispersion at a coastal frontal zone. *Geophys. Res. Lett.*, **39**, L11608, doi.10.1029/2012GL051879.

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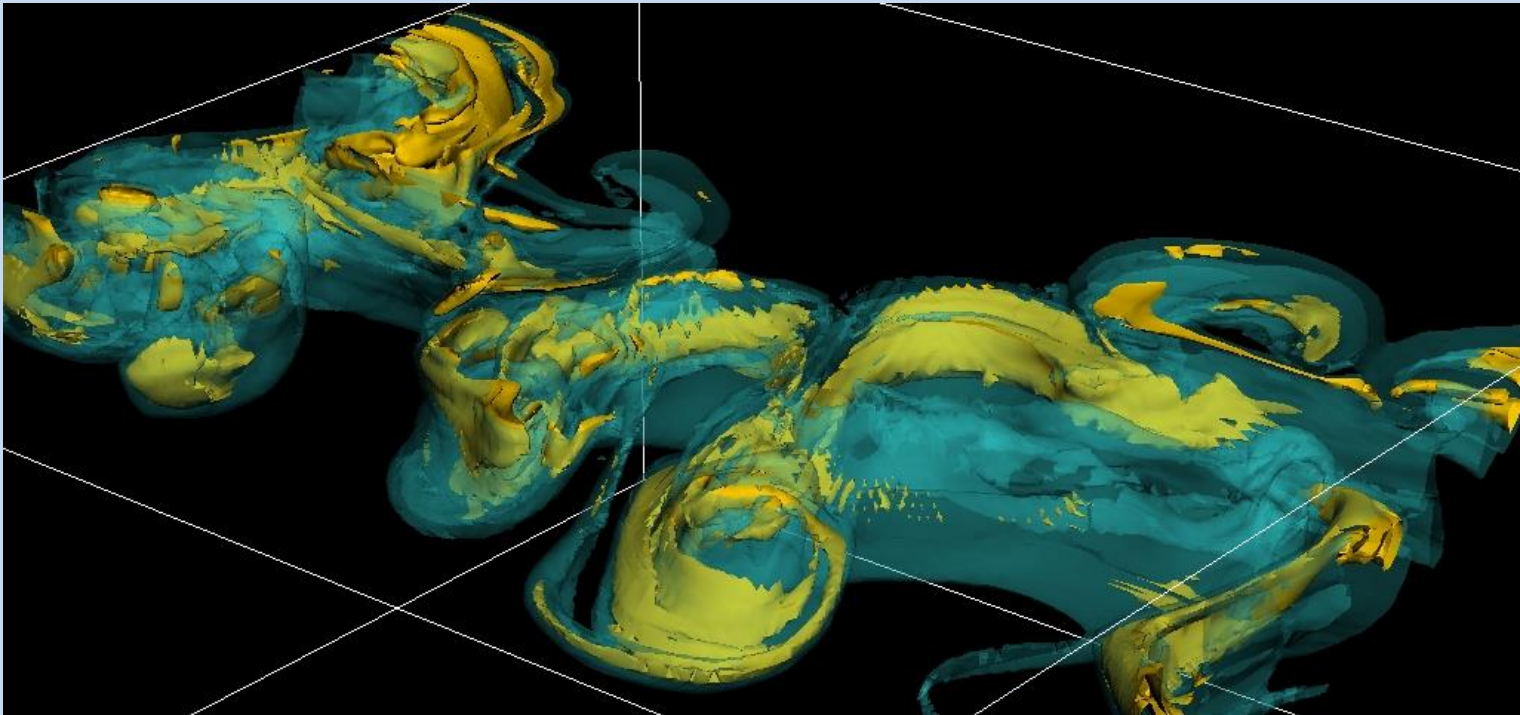
Sulman, M. H. M., H. S. Huntley, B. L. Lipphardt, Jr., and A. D. Kirwan, Jr., 2013. Leaving Flatland: Diagnostics for Three-Dimensional Lagrangian Coherent Structures. *Physica D*, in revision.

Sulman, M. H. M., H. S. Huntley, B. L. Lipphardt, Jr., P. Hogan, G. Jacobs, and A. D. Kirwan, Jr. Three Dimensional Aspects of Loop Current Ring Formation. To be submitted to *Nonlinear Processes in Geophysics*.

Valentine, D. A., I. Mezic, Senka Mađešić, Nelida Černjarić, Željko, Stefan Ivić, P. J. Hogan, V. A. doi: 10.1073/pnas.1108820109 water hydrocarbon irruption. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*, doi: 10.1073/pnas.1108820109.

Objective

Develop and exploit dynamical systems methodology in order to improve our understanding of, and predictive capability for, 3D, time-dependent features of ocean circulation.



Lagrangian perspective: follow fluid elements or 'particles'.

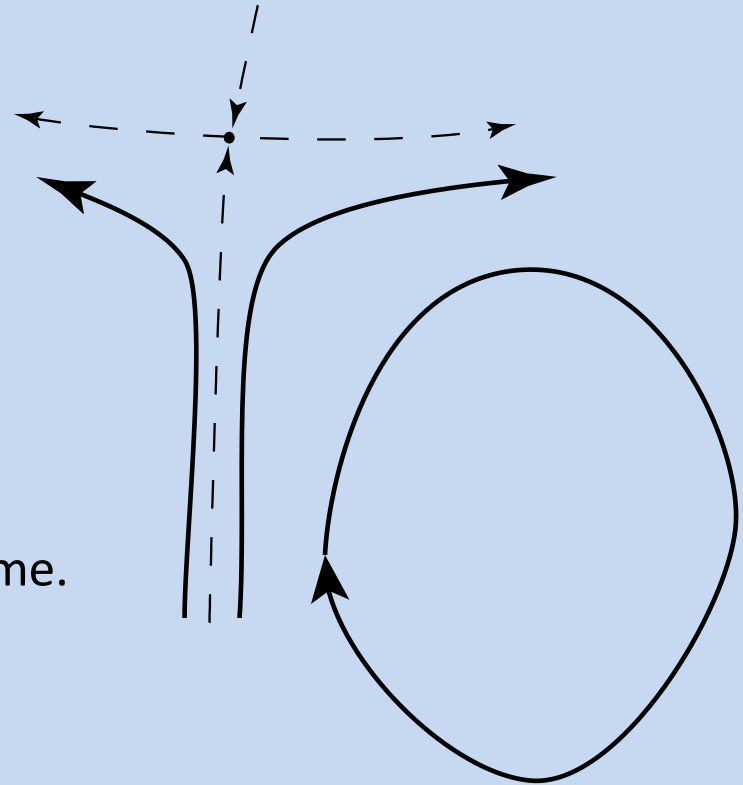
Dynamical Systems (DS) $\frac{dx}{dt} = u(x, y, z, t); \frac{dy}{dt} = v(x, y, z, t); \frac{dz}{dt} = w(x, y, z, t);$

Lagrangian Data Assimilation (LDA):
assimilation of trajectory positions into models.

Lagrangian Chaos: nearby trajectories
separate from each other exponentially fast in time.

Hyperbolic point/trajectory

Lagrangian Coherent Structures (LCS): refers to a collection of distinguished objects (hyperbolic trajectories, manifolds, material curves, material surfaces) that form a template or skeleton for chaotic transport.

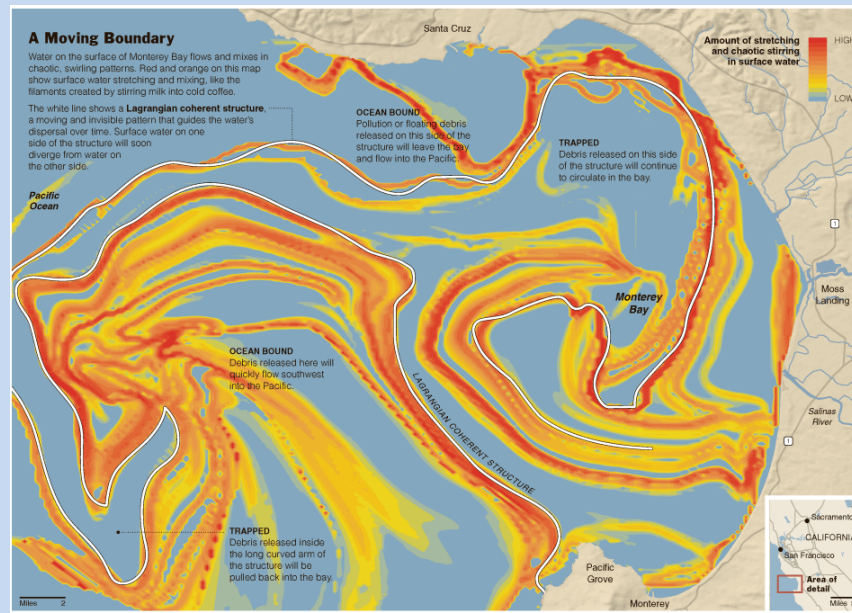


Chlorophyll in the North Sea

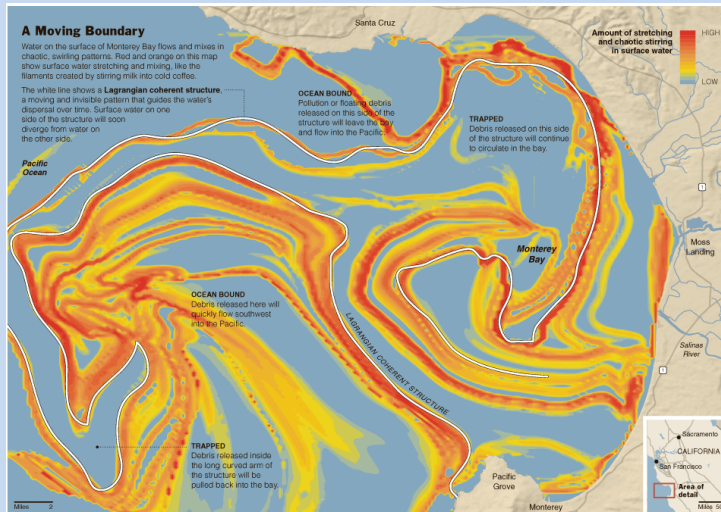


History

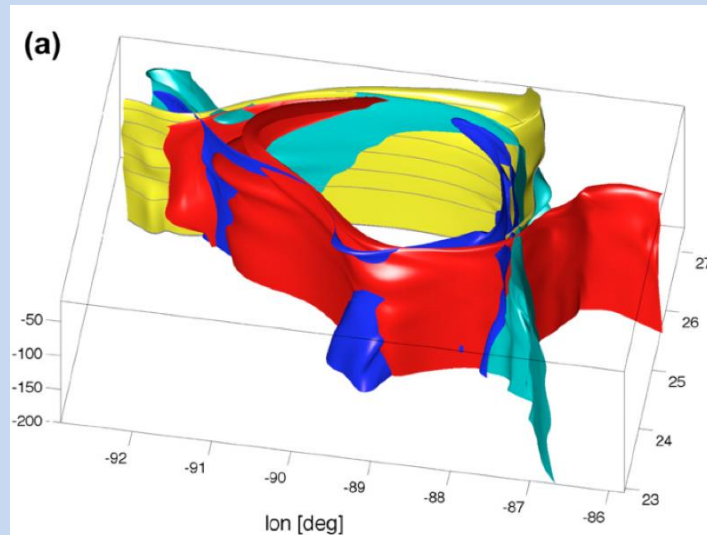
- 1980s: Lagrangian chaos found in very simple 2D point vortex flows; chaotic transport theory developed in applied math community.
- 1990s: With encouragement from ONR (Reza Malek-Madani), mathematicians and physical oceanographers meet. Leads to Little Compton meeting, circa 1994.
- 1995-2005: series of ONR initiatives (Manny Fiadeiro, Reza...); 2D+time, Lagrangian data assimilation developed in parallel.
- Mid 2000s: methods popular; many applications to ocean surface flows.



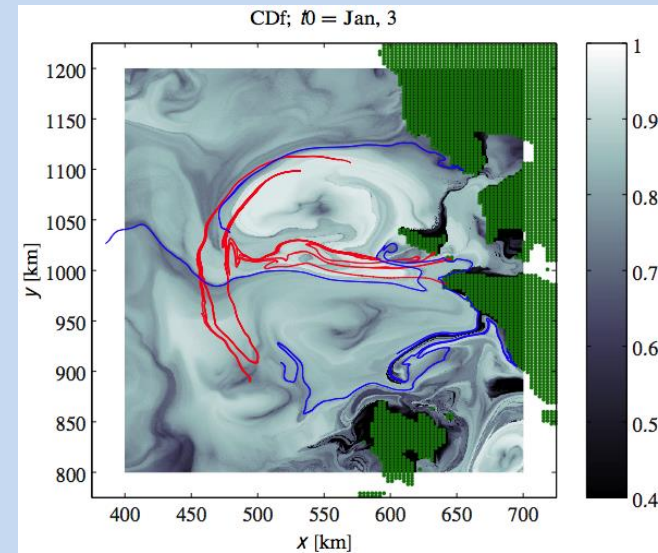
Applications to 2D or quasi-2D flows.



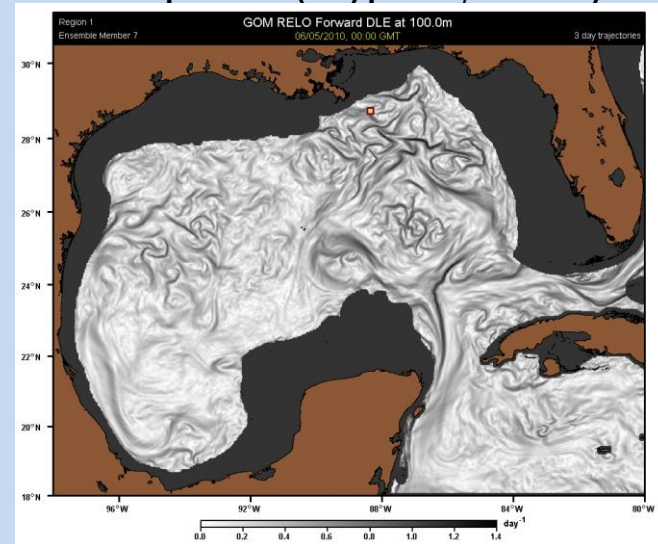
Monterey Bay: Marsden & colleagues



Loop Current Eddies (Branicki and Kirwan)



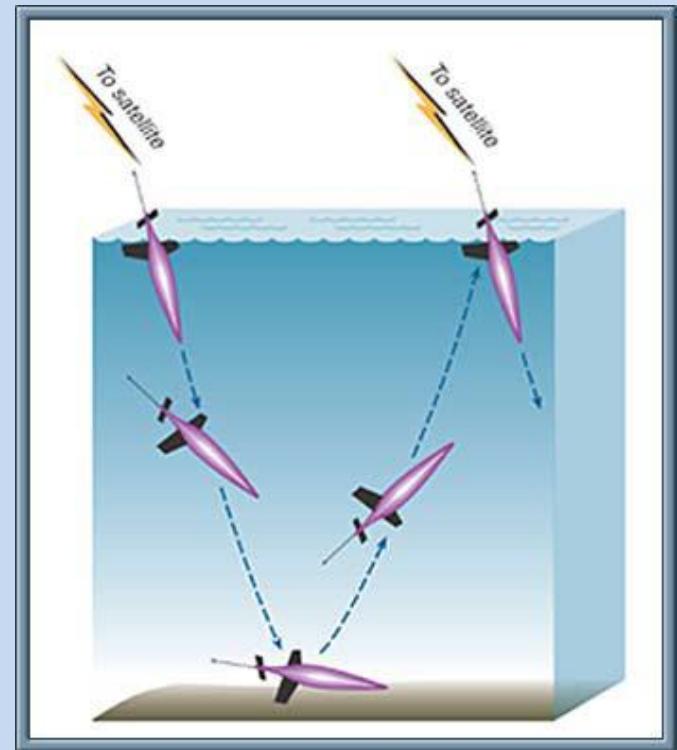
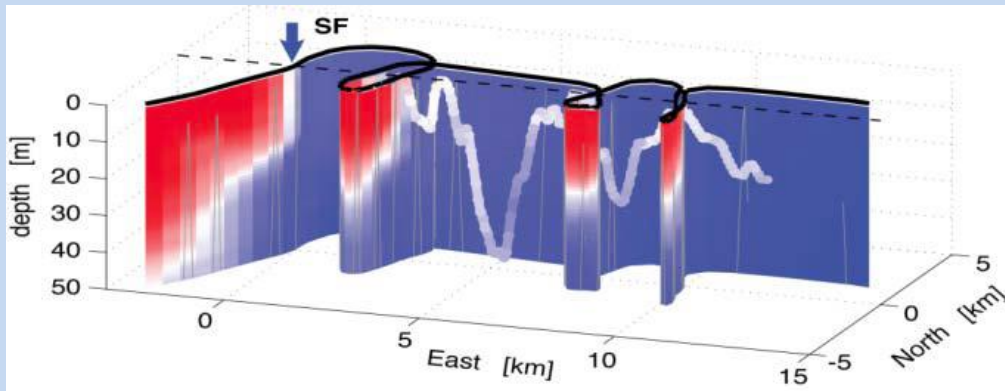
Dipoles (Rypina, et al.)



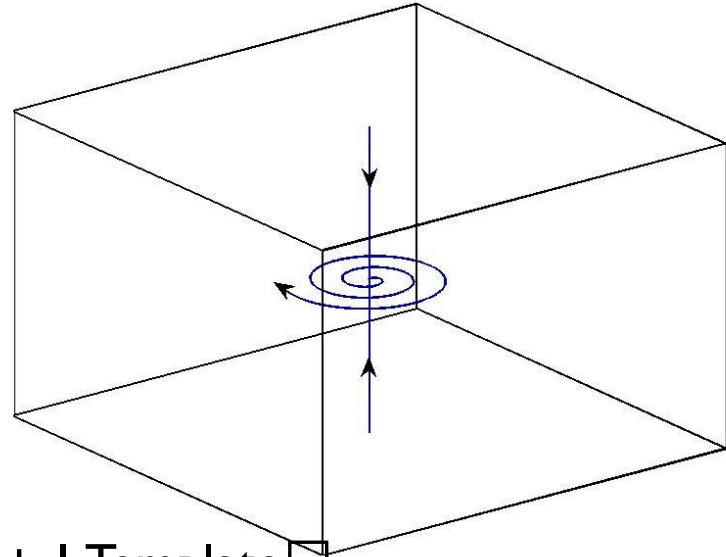
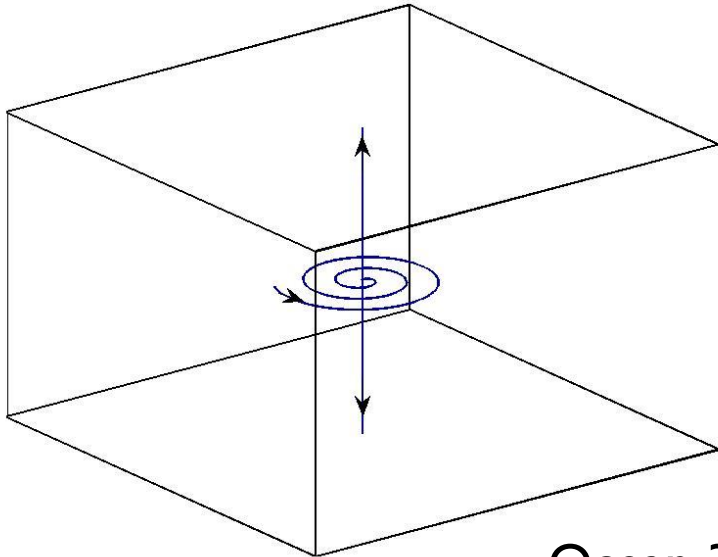
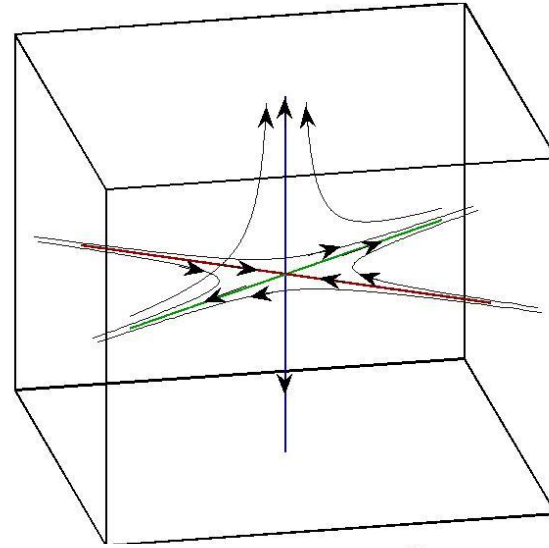
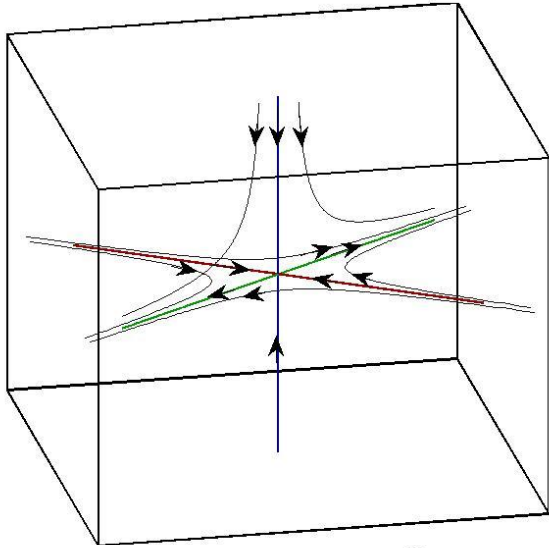
Gulf Mexico (Lipphardt et al.)

Why 3D+1? Why now?

- Modern observations better able to resolve 3D structures.
- Interest in 'sub-mesoscale': eddies, fronts, jets scales 100s m to 10s km. Vertical velocity more important at these scales.
- Oceanographic sampling platforms (unmanned underwater vehicles) can operate in 3D.

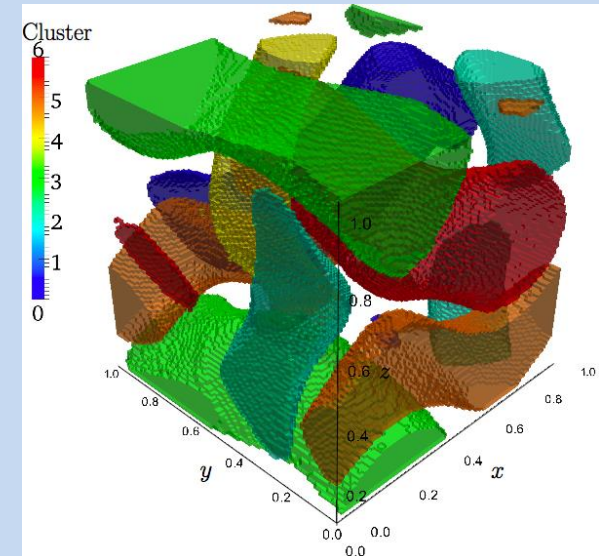
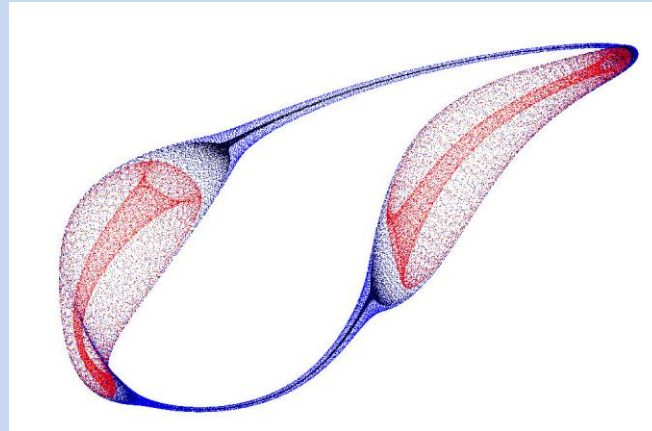
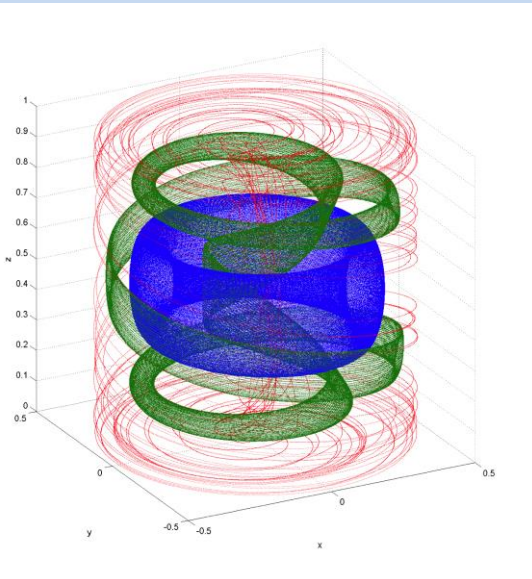


3D flow have a richer variety of hypbolicity

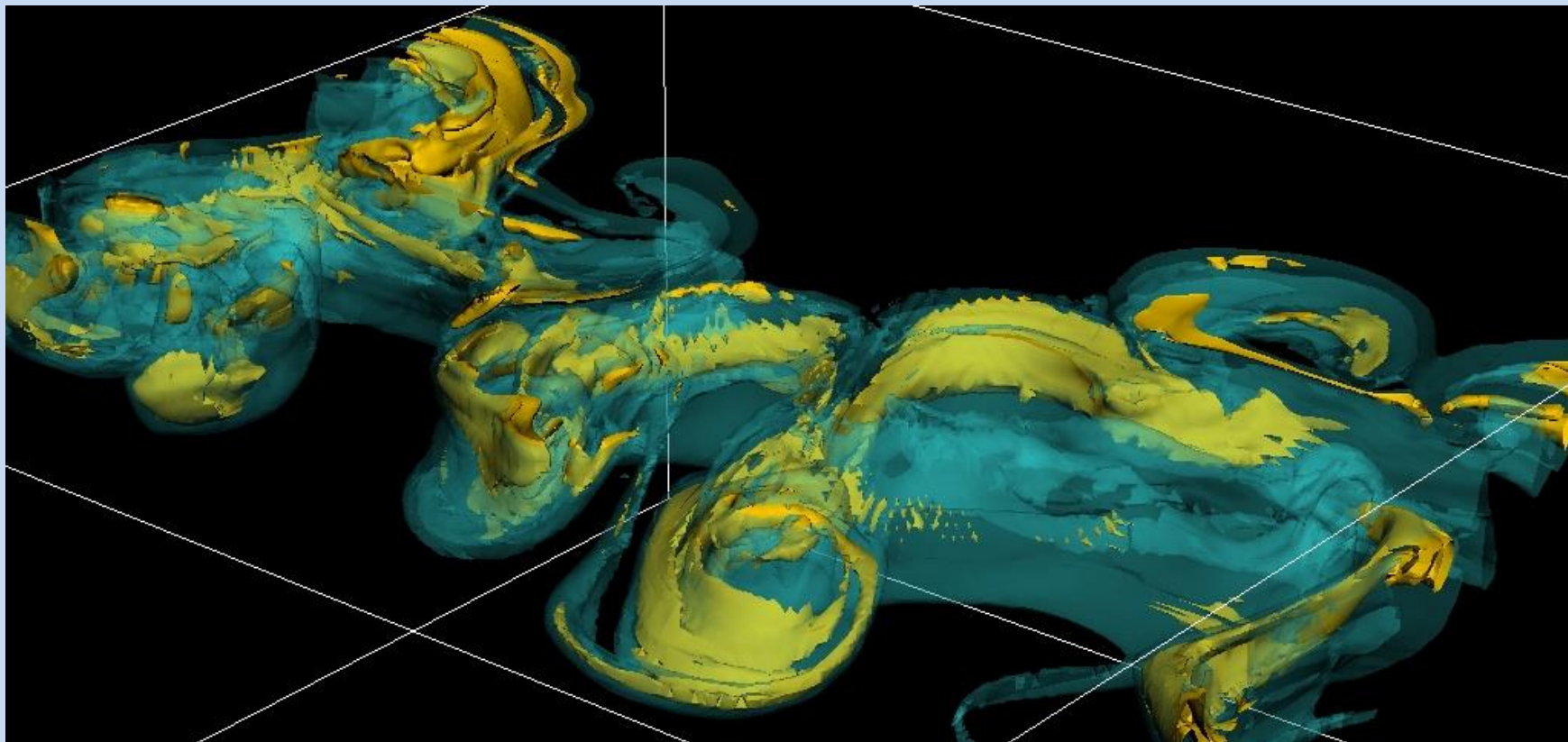


Main Thrusts

- 1) Identify the Lagrangian structures that guide transport and mixing processes in idealized 3D+1 flow fields.



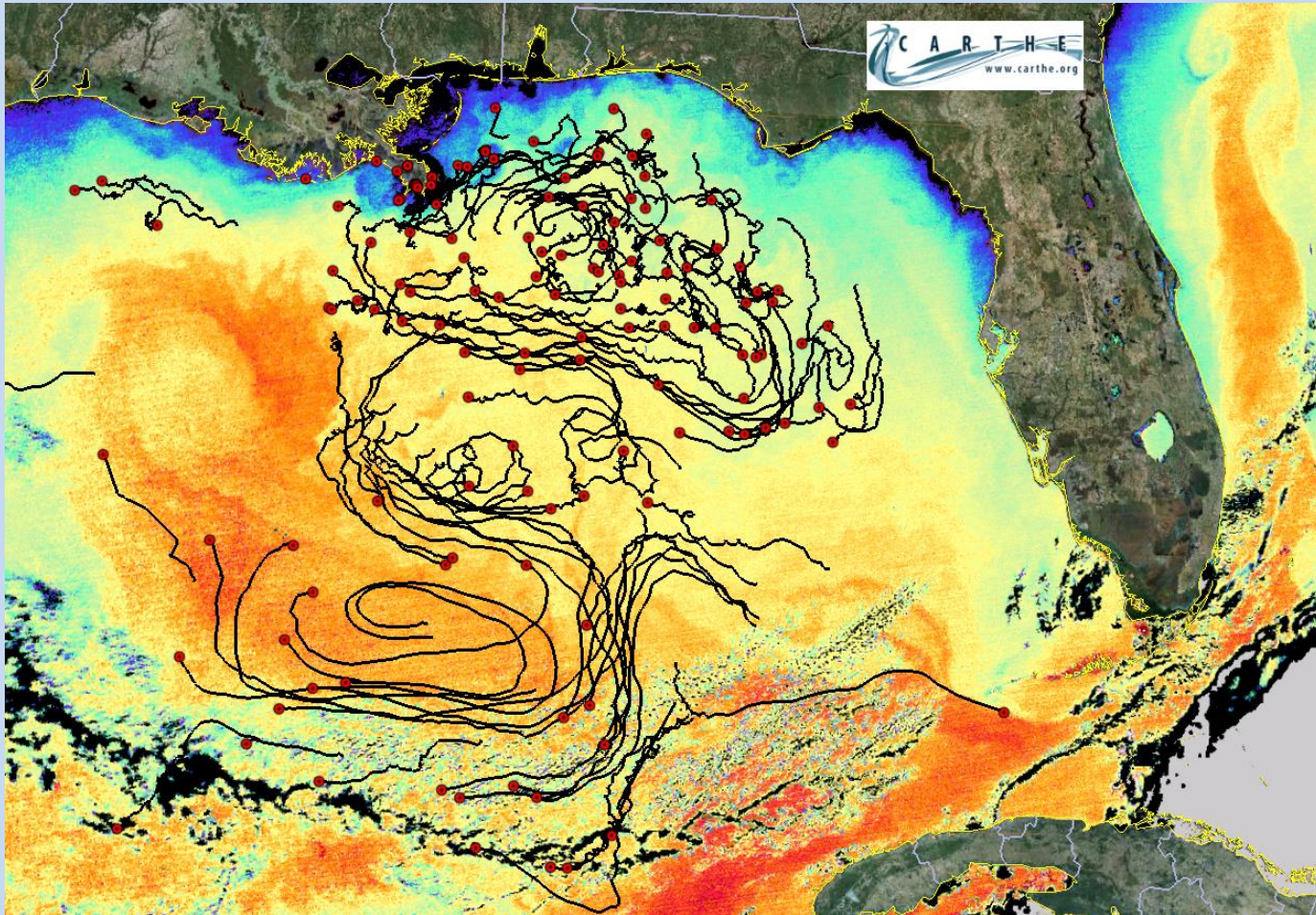
2) Establish methodology that will help us map out organizing Lagrangian structures in more realistic models and data.



Methods

- Measures of rate of trajectory separation (Lyapunov exponents: FTLE and FSLE)
- Measures of hyperbolicity along trajectories (mesohyperbolicity)
- Measures of trajectory complexity (correlation dimension, ergodicity defect)
- Measures based on averages taken along trajectories (ergodic quotient, Koopman modes)
- (All are valid in $3D+1$: when does $2D+1$ suffice.)

3) Lagrangian data assimilation in 3D+1: how do we optimize the use of Lagrangian data?



(from Glad program)

Schedule

1. Theory and simple models.
2. Ocean models and 3D+1 transport.
3. Lagrangian data assimilation.
4. Future plans.

Workshops

Oct. 2010 Chicago

Feb. 2012 Wilmington

Feb. 2013 Chapel Hill

Budget

Period	months	original start date	received funds on	amount
1	2	08/2010	10/2010	\$352,549.
2	12	10/2010	5/2011	\$1,354,449.
3	12	10/2011	1/2012	\$1,392,056.

We are midway through this 3rd period, at the 19th month

4	10	10/1212		\$1,278,214.
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5,6,7	\$3,123,393.	(year 4 and 5 extension)		\$3,123,393.
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