

Exploring Metabolite Production in Pseudo-nitzschia Diatoms

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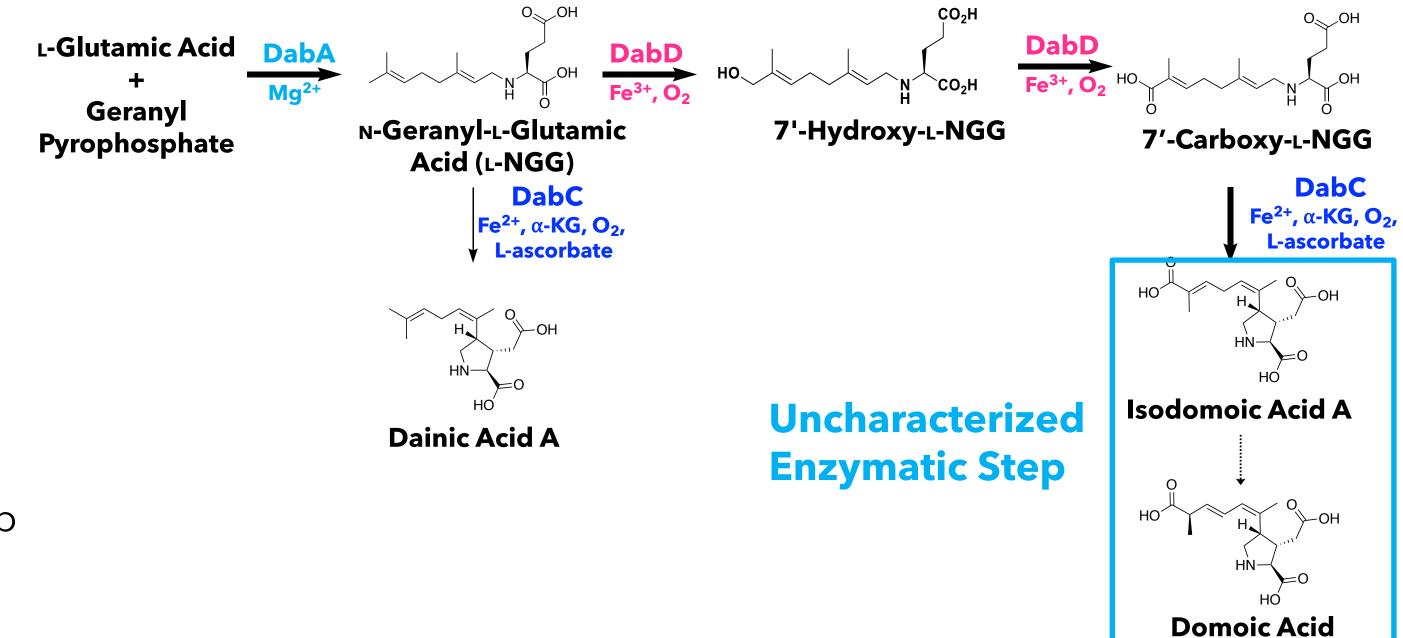


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Pseudo-nitzschia Diatoms Biosynthesize Domoic Acid

Pseudo-nitzschia is a diatom genus in coastal oceans worldwide. Blooms of Pseudo-nitzschia often produce domoic acid (DA), a potent neurotoxin that accumulates in shellfish and can cause serious illnesses in humans and marine mammals.

DA biosynthesis was recently decoded by our group, establishing a cluster of transcriptionally co-regulated genes (*dabA*, *dabB*, *dabC*, *dabD*) that encode enzymes that perform all but one step of the biosynthesis (Brunson *et al.*, *Science* 2018).



Objectives

To confirm each proposed step of DA biosynthesis *in vivo* through stable isotope labeled feeding experiments.

To explore DA intermediate and analog metabolites *in vivo* using molecular networking.

Future Work

Feeding experiments with modified 7'-carboxy-L-NGG, dainic acid A, and isodomoic acid A.

Species comparison through feeding experiments in a non-DA producer *Pseudo-nitzschia delicatissima*.

References & Support

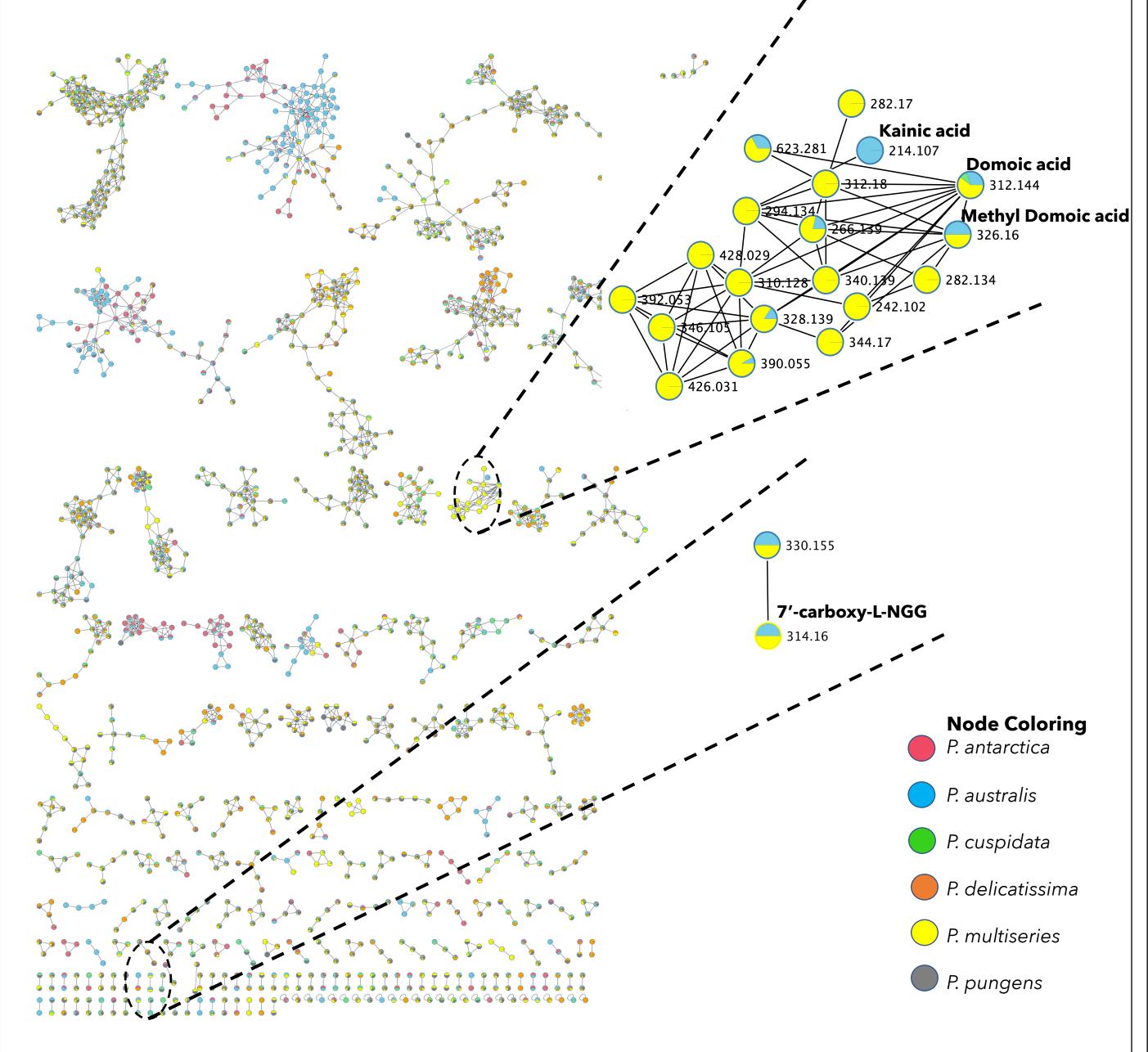
We thank Dr. Jason Smith (Moss Landing Marine Laboratories) for contributing the *P. australis* strain and our SIO colleague Dr. Lihini Aluwihare for helpful discussions and data sharing.

Brunson, J. K. & S. M. K. Mckinnie, *et al.*, (2018), Biosynthesis of the neurotoxin domoic acid in a bloomforming diatom. *Science*.

Maeno, Y., et al., (2018). Six domoic acid related compounds from the red alga, *Chondria armata*, and domoic acid biosynthesis by the diatom, *Pseudonitzschia multiseries*. Scientific Reports.



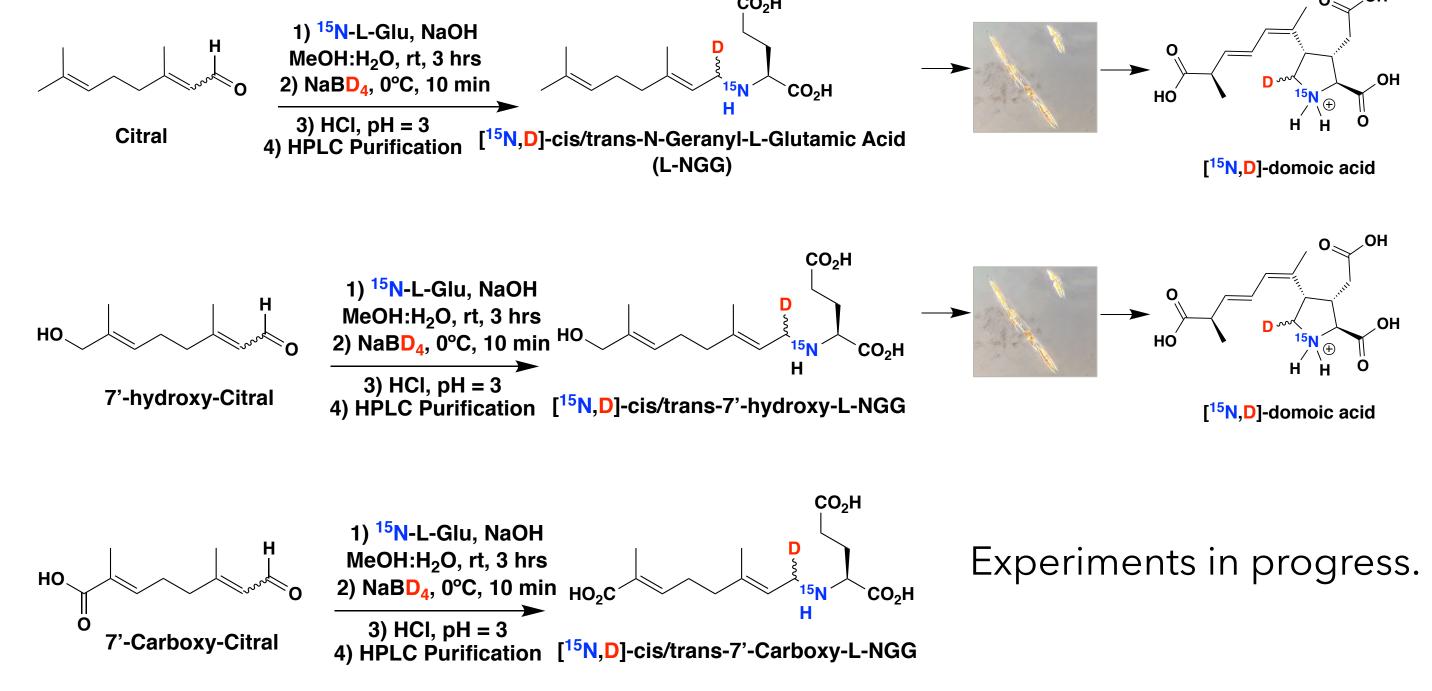
Metabolites in Cultures



Metabolites in cultures of six species of *Pseudo-nitzschia*, three of which produce DA. Network is generated using Global Natural Products Social Molecular Networking (GNPS), where each node represents one molecule and clustered nodes form networks of similar molecules.

Confirming Biosynthetic Intermediates in vivo

Synthesis of Labeled Intermediates & Feeding Experiments



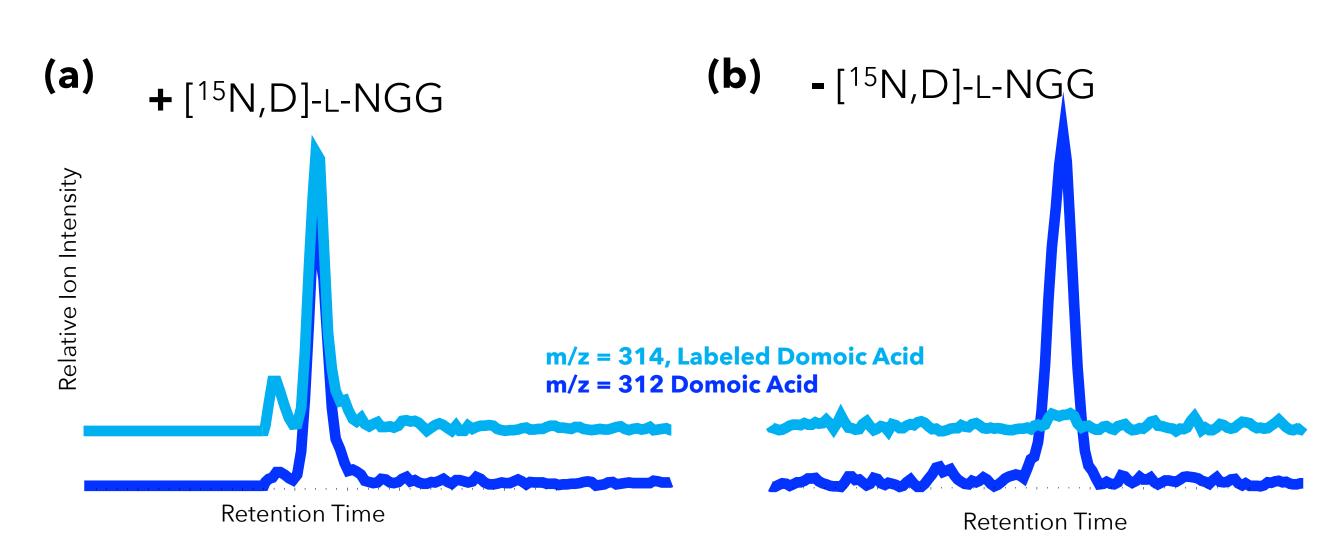
DabC, Fe²⁺, α-KG, O₂, L-Asc C₁₈-Reverse Phase HPLC HO

[15N,D]-isodomoic acid A

intermediates.

Labeled intermediates were incubated with a live culture of *P. australis* under silicate starvation. Silicate stress is used to induce DA production. L-NGG and 7'-hydroxy-L-NGG have been confirmed as biosynthetic

Feeding Experiments yield [15N,D]-Domoic Acid



An example of raw data. *P. australis* culture fed with **(a)** [15N,D]-L-NGG and **(b)** solvent control.